

Ceacum-ilio-cutaneous fistula. A rare complication of urinary tuberculosis

Fístula ciego-íleo-cutánea. Una complicación rara de tuberculosis urinaria



Figure 1 – Contrast study of the ileostomy documenting communication with the cecum, with contrast spread in the ascending colon.



Figure 2 – Endoscopy through the ileostomy. Inflammatory Bricker conduit showing an orifice communicating with the colon.

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Abdominal subcutaneous emphysema following scrotal trauma

Enfisema subcutáneo abdominal tras traumatismo escrotal

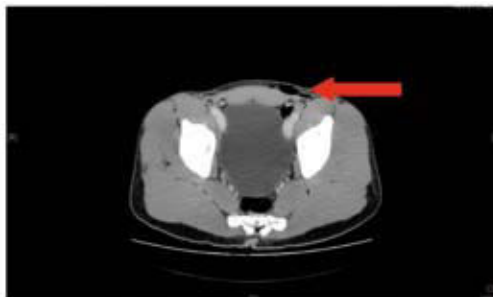


Figure 1 – Abdominopelvic CT scan: subcutaneous emphysema extending from the anterior left scrotum to the pubic symphysis.

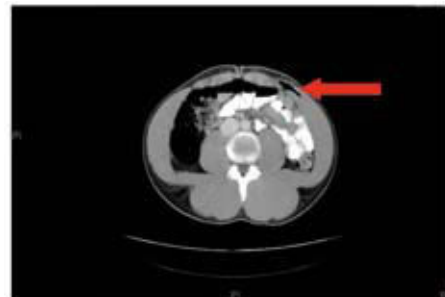


Figure 2 – Abdominopelvic CT scan: subcutaneous emphysema extending from the left scrotum to the upper abdominal wall, between the left anterior rectus abdominis and the left lateral abdominal muscles. Absence of free intraperitoneal fluid.

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